



[Home](#) > [2006 Aboriginal Population Profile](#) > [Search results for "iqaluit"](#) > [Data table](#) >

Population and dwelling counts	Iqaluit, City			Nunavut		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Population in 2006 ¹	6,184			29,474		
Population in 2001 ¹	5,236			26,745		
2001 to 2006 population change (%)	18.1			10.2		
Total private dwellings ²	2,460			9,041		
Private dwellings occupied by usual residents ³	2,074			7,855		
Population density per square kilometre	118.1			0.0		
Land area (square km)	52.34			1,932,254.96		

Figure Aboriginal identity population in 2006	Iqaluit, City			Nunavut		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total population ⁴	6,085	3,100	2,985	29,325	15,000	14,325
Total Aboriginal identity population ⁵	3,650	1,745	1,910	24,915	12,565	12,350
North American Indian - single response ⁶	45	20	20	100	50	50
Métis - single response	55	30	30	130	65	70
Inuit - single response	3,540	1,685	1,855	24,640	12,425	12,215
Multiple Aboriginal identity responses	10	0	0	35	20	15
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ⁷	10	0	0	15	10	0
Non-Aboriginal identity population	2,435	1,355	1,080	4,410	2,435	1,970

Figure Registered Indian status	Iqaluit, City			Nunavut		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total population ⁸	6,085	3,100	2,990	29,325	15,000	14,325
Registered Indian ⁹	50	25	25	160	70	90
Not a registered Indian	6,040	3,075	2,965	29,165	14,925	14,235

Figure Age characteristics of the Aboriginal identity population	Iqaluit, City			Nunavut		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total Aboriginal identity population ¹⁰	3,655	1,740	1,910	24,915	12,560	12,355
0 to 4 years	415	200	220	3,195	1,630	1,570
5 to 9 years	420	215	200	3,135	1,595	1,540
10 to 14 years	420	210	210	3,075	1,550	1,520
15 to 19 years	410	215	195	2,990	1,550	1,435
20 to 24 years	350	170	175	2,200	1,105	1,100
25 to 29 years	325	145	175	1,860	925	935
30 to 34 years	245	115	125	1,620	800	820
35 to 39 years	305	130	170	1,735	850	890
40 to 44 years	255	100	145	1,445	710	735
45 to 49 years	170	65	105	1,055	505	555
50 to 54 years	125	55	70	795	390	405
55 to 59 years	90	45	40	660	350	310
60 to 64 years	45	25	20	440	230	210
65 to 69 years	35	15	15	310	160	150
70 to 74 years	30	10	15	210	115	90
75 to 79 years	10	0	10	105	50	50
80 to 84 years	10	0	0	45	30	20
85 years and over	0	0	0	35	20	15
Median age of the Aboriginal identity population ¹¹	22.3	20.9	23.5	20.1	19.8	20.4
% of the Aboriginal identity population aged 15 and over	65.5	64.1	67.0	62.3	62.0	62.5

Figure**Common-law status of the Aboriginal identity population**

	Iqaluit, City			Nunavut		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total Aboriginal identity population 15 years and over ¹²	2,395	1,115	1,280	15,510	7,785	7,725
Not in a common-law relationship	1,705	815	885	11,865	6,035	5,830
In a common-law relationship	690	300	390	3,645	1,750	1,895

Figure**Legal marital status of the Aboriginal identity population**

	Iqaluit, City			Nunavut		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total Aboriginal identity population 15 years and over ¹³	2,395	1,115	1,275	15,505	7,785	7,720
Never legally married (single) ¹⁴	1,745	865	885	10,030	5,255	4,775
Legally married (and not separated) ¹⁵	450	195	260	4,425	2,145	2,280
Separated, but still legally married ¹⁶	55	15	35	305	145	155
Divorced ¹⁷	60	25	35	200	90	115
Widowed ¹⁸	80	15	60	545	150	395

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population.

How to cite: Statistics Canada. 2007. *Iqaluit, Nunavut* (table). *Aboriginal Population Profile*. 2006 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 92-594-XWE. Ottawa. Released January 15, 2008.

<http://www12.statcan.ca/census-recensement/2006/dp-pd/prof/92-594/index.cfm?Lang=E>
(accessed July 21, 2009).

[Print definitions and symbols included in this table](#)

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Definitions and symbols

Definitions:

1. 2006 and 2001 population based on 100% data

Statistics Canada is taking additional measures to protect the privacy of all Canadians and the confidentiality of the data they provide to us. Starting with the 2001 Census, some population counts are adjusted in order to ensure confidentiality.

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2. Total private dwellings

For the 2006 Census, a private dwelling is defined as: A set of living quarters designed for or converted for human habitation in which a person or group of persons reside or could reside. In addition, a private dwelling must have a source of heat or power and must be an enclosed space that provides shelter from the elements, as evidenced by complete and enclosed walls and roof and by doors and windows that provide protection from wind, rain and snow.

[Private dwellings](#)

3. Private dwellings occupied by usual residents

A separate set of living quarters which has a private entrance either directly from outside or from a common hall, lobby, vestibule or stairway leading to the outside, and in which a person or a group of persons live permanently.

[Private dwellings occupied by usual residents](#)

4. Total population - 20% sample data

The total population reported for the 20% sample data excludes institutional residents.

5. Aboriginal identity population

The Aboriginal identity population is composed of those persons who reported identifying with at least one Aboriginal group, that is, North American Indian, Métis or Inuit, and/or those who reported being a Treaty Indian or a Registered Indian, as defined by the *Indian Act* of Canada, and/or those who reported they were members of an Indian band or First Nation.

6. North American Indian single response

Users should be aware that the counts for this item are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements. The extent of the impact will depend on the geographic area under study. In 2006, a total of 22 Indian reserves and Indian settlements were incompletely enumerated by the census. The populations of these 22 communities are not included in the census counts.

7. Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere

Includes those who identified themselves as Registered Indians and/or band members without identifying themselves as North American Indian, Métis or Inuit in the Aboriginal identity question.

8. Total population - 20% sample data

The total population reported for the 20% sample data excludes institutional residents.

9. Registered or Treaty Indian

The expression 'Registered Indian' refers to those persons who reported they were registered under the *Indian Act* of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who are registered under the *Indian Act* and can prove descent from a band that signed a treaty. The Registered Indian counts in this table may differ from administrative counts maintained by Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, with the most important causes of these differences being the incompletely enumerated Indian

reserves and Indian settlements as well as methodological and conceptual differences between the two sources.

10. Age - 20% sample data

Refers to the age at last birthday (as of the census reference date, May 16, 2006). This variable is derived from date of birth.

11. Median age

The median age is an age 'x', such that exactly one half of the population is older than 'x' and the other half is younger than 'x'.

12. Common-law status - 20% sample data

Refers to persons who live together as a couple but who are not legally married to each other. These persons can be of the opposite sex or of the same sex.

13. Legal marital status - 20% sample data

Refers to the legal conjugal status of a person.

14. Never legally married (single)

Persons who have never married (including all persons less than 15 years of age) and persons whose marriage has been annulled and who have not remarried.

15. Legally married (and not separated)

Persons whose spouse is living, unless the couple is separated or a divorce has been obtained. In 2006, legally married same-sex couples are included in this category.

16. Separated, but still legally married

Persons currently married, but who are no longer living with their spouse (for any reason other than illness or work) and have not obtained a divorce.

17. Divorced

Persons who have obtained a legal divorce and who have not remarried.

18. Widowed

Persons who have lost their spouse through death and who have not remarried.

Symbols:

A adjusted figure due to boundary change

Users wishing to compare 2006 Census data with those of other censuses should then take into account that the boundaries of geographic areas may change from one census to another. In order to facilitate comparison, the 2001 Census counts are adjusted, as needed, to take into account boundary changes between the 2001 and 2006 censuses. The 2001 counts that were adjusted are identified by the letter 'A'. The letter 'A' may also refer to corrections to the 2001 counts; however, most of these are the result of boundary changes. This symbol is also used to identify areas that have been created since 2001, such as newly incorporated municipalities (census subdivisions).

E use with caution

After the release of the 2001 or 2006 Census population and dwelling counts, errors are occasionally uncovered in the data. It is not possible to make changes to the 2001 or 2006 Census data presented in these tables.

Refer to the [2001 population and dwelling count amendments](#) or the [2006 population and dwelling count amendments](#) for further information.

X area and data suppression

In addition to random rounding, area and data suppression has been adopted to further protect the confidentiality of individual respondents' personal information.

Area and data suppression results in the deletion of all information for geographic areas with populations below a specified size. For example, areas with a population of less than 40 persons are suppressed. If the community searched has a population of less than 40 persons, only the total population counts will be available.

Whenever income data are shown, those areas with populations below 250 persons, or where the number of private households is less than 40, income data are suppressed. If a community searched has less than 250 persons, or if the number of private households is less than 40, the income data will not be available. All suppressed cells and associated averages, medians and standard errors of average income have been replaced with zeros. In all cases, suppressed data are included in the appropriate higher-level aggregate subtotals and totals.

Persons living on Indian reserves and Indian settlements who were enumerated with the 2006 Census Form 2D questionnaire were not asked the questions on citizenship and immigration. Consequently, data are suppressed for Indian reserves and Indian settlements at the census subdivision level. These data are, however, included in the totals for larger geographic areas such as provinces and territories.

To view the extent to which data are suppressed, see '[suppression criteria](#)'.

† excludes census data for one or more incompletely enumerated Indian reserves or Indian settlements

Excludes census data for one or more incompletely enumerated Indian reserves or Indian settlements (For further information, see the '[Notes](#)'.)

¶ incompletely enumerated Indian Reserve or Indian settlement (For further information, see the '[Notes](#)'.)

Due to incompletely enumerated Indian reserves and Indian settlements, data are not available for either the 2006 Census, the 2001 Census or for both the 2001 and 2006 censuses.

Refer to a complete list of these [geographic areas](#).

... not applicable

The possible reasons for the use of the three dots (...) symbol are:

- A value that cannot be calculated such as a percentage change where the denominator is zero;
- A figure is deemed inappropriate for areas that had a population and/or dwelling count amendment in 2001.

Refer to the [2001 population and dwelling count amendments](#) for further information.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population.

How to cite: Statistics Canada. 2007. *Nunavik, Quebec* (table). *Aboriginal Population Profile*. 2006 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 92-594-XWE. Ottawa. Released January 15, 2008.

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[Return to previous page](#)

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